

**BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL**

**ANNUAL REPORTS**

**of the**

**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH**

**and of the**

**CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**

**FOR THE YEAR**

**1968**





BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN.

Councillor G. P. Fitzgerald.

VICE-CHAIRMAN.

Councillor Mrs. C.M. Ward.

CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL.

Councillor L. Starkey.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.

Councillor G. F. Bailey.  
Councillor E. Bevan.  
Councillor N. Blair.  
Councillor A. C. Farndon.  
Councillor J. W. Fletcher.  
Councillor A. D. N. Harrison.  
Councillor L. Starkey.  
Councillor A. Tallis.

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STAFF OF PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health:  
E.M. HUGHES, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector, Meat and Other Foods Inspector,  
Petroleum Officer:  
HENRY BURRISS, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector:  
THOMAS J. PASSMORE, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.  
Cert. Meat and Other Foods.

Additional Public Health Inspector:  
JOHN M. BARNES, M.A.P.H.I.  
D.P.H.I.E.B.

Additional Public Health Inspector:  
TERENCE J. PRICE, M.A.P.H.I.  
Cert. Meat and Other Foods.

Clerk.  
MRS. M. HOULT.



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF  
BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Ward and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting to you my Annual Report on the health of the inhabitants of the Urban District of Bedworth for 1968.

Once more I can report that the population of the Urban District continues to increase. The mid year estimate obtained from the office of the Registrar General gave the population for the year as 40,170. From a comparison of the number of births and deaths it would appear that this increase is due to a migration into the district.


During the year 823 births were notified, an increase of 30 compared with the previous year, giving a birth rate of 20.5. This rate was higher than the County and National averages which were 17.2 and 16.9. The number of infants who failed to survive the first year of life was 11 which gave a mortality rate of 13.4. The corresponding figures for the County and England and Wales were 17.2 and 18.3.

415 deaths occurred giving a death rate of 10.54. This was lower than the County figure of 10.81 and 11.9 for England and Wales.

441 cases of infectious diseases were notified in accordance with the Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations 1968. Under these Regulations Infective Hepatitis became a notifiable disease from June and 35 cases were notified.

There were 370 cases of measles notified and it was hoped, that with the introduction of an immunisation programme the number of future notifications would decrease. A programme of measles vaccinations was started in June when protection against this disease was available from the General Practitioners or at the Child Health Centres. The demand however was disappointingly low in spite of widespread publicity.

10 cases of dysentery occurred in the district and each case was fully investigated and necessary specimens submitted to the laboratory. The investigation of these outbreaks is often a fruitless pursuit, but sometimes investigations are successful, the source of infection can be ascertained and the necessary preventive measures taken. The more cases that are notified, and the less delay in so doing, greatly assists the investigator in tracking down the offending food stuff.



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It has been reported in the medical press that many cases of food poisoning can be related to the increased consumption of poultry especially of the frozen variety.

With the ever increasing demand, mass production methods are often employed with the result that carcasses can be contaminated with organisms that can give rise to food poisoning. These organisms are usually killed and rendered harmless by the usual cooking process.

In the case of frozen poultry which are not completely thawed, a sufficiently high enough temperature to kill these harmful germs is not reached while cooking is in progress with the subsequent illness of those partaking of the meal.

It is essential therefore that frozen food of this nature should not be taken out of the refrigerator and cooked immediately, but should be allowed to thaw out completely and then well cooked so that the offending organisms are destroyed before consumption.

The remainder of the report is self explanatory. During the year the day to day work of the Department continued and some progress was made.

In conclusion I wish to thank the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for their interest and support. Appreciation must also be expressed for the co-operation and assistance received from Mr. Burriss, members of the Public Health Department and colleagues in other Departments.

E. M. HUGHES.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.



TABLE 1

Area of District...	...	...	...	7820 acres
Population (Registrar General's Estimate) Mid 1968	...	...	...	40,170.
Rateable Value at 31.3.68.	...	...	...	£1,174,112
General Rate Levied	...	...	...	13/0d.
Product of Penny Rate	...	...	...	£4,813.
Number of Inhabited Houses, including houses and shops and licenced premises as at 31.3.68	...	...	...	12,027.

LIVE BIRTHS	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
Legitimate	396	376	772
Illegitimate	29	22	51
Total	425	398	823
STILL BIRTHS	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
Legitimate	3	4	7
Illegitimate	-	-	-
Total	3	4	7
ALL BIRTHS	428	402	830

Birth Rate (per 1,000 population) Crude	20.5
Corrected	18.3
Stillbirth Rate (per 1,000 total births)	8

DEATHS	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
All ages	224	191	415
Under one year	5	6	11

Death Rate (per 1,000 population) Crude	10.54
Corrected	9.3
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)	13.0
Number of women dying in, or in consequence of childbirth	-
Deaths from Measles ( all ages)	-
Deaths from Whooping Cough	-



# VITAL STATISTICS

## TABLE 2

YEAR	POPULATION	NO. OF DEATHS	NO. OF BIRTHS	NO. OF INFANT DEATHS	DEATH RATE.	BIRTH DATE.	INFANT MORTALITY RATE.	
1959	29,930	386	598	15	12.9	20.0	25.0	} 21.9
1960	30,570	359	617	16	11.7	20.1	25.9	
1961	32,610	395	651	12	12.1	19.9	18.4	
1962	33,380	316	672	13	9.5	19.7	20.6	
1963	34,250	428	664	26	12.5	19.1	20.0	
.....								
1964	34,890	401	717	35	12.0	20.3	21.1	} 18.6
1965	34,820	411	745	17	11.8	21.1	23.0	
1966	37,100	412	825	18	11.1	20.8	22.1	
1967	39,100	372	793	24	9.5	19.9	14.0	
1968	40,170	415	823	13	10.3	20.5	13.0	
.....								

5 Year Average

5 Year Average



# CAUSES OF DEATH

TABLE 3

CAUSES OF DEATH	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
All causes	224	191	415
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach	7	5	12
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung, Bronchus	16	2	18
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast	-	5	5
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus	-	2	2
Other Malignant Neoplasms	21	10	31
Diabetes Mellitus	2	2	4
Other Endocrine etc Diseases	-	1	1
Meningitis	-	1	1
Other Diseases of Nervous System etc.	3	2	5
Chronic Rheumatic Disease	1	2	3
Hypertensive Disease	8	4	12
Ischaemic Heart Disease	65	44	109
Other Forms of Heart Disease	8	9	17
Cerebrovascular Disease	20	46	66
Other Disease of Circulatory System.	5	9	14
Influenza	3	-	3
Pneumonia	16	19	35
Bronchitis and Emphysema	18	4	22
Asthma	1	1	2
Other Disease of Respiratory System	2	-	2
Peptic Ulcer	4	1	5
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	1	-	1
Cirrhosis of Liver	-	1	1
Other Disease of Digestive System	3	1	4
Nephritis and Nephrosis	1	-	1
Hyperplasia of Prostate	1	-	1
Other Disease, Genito-Urinary System	1	2	3
Disease of Musculo-Skeletal System	2	1	3
Conventional Anomalies	3	4	7
Birth Injury, Difficult Labour etc	-	2	2
Symptoms of Ill-defined Conditions	1	4	5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	2	1	3
All Other Accidents	5	2	7
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	1	2	3
Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	2	2	4
Other Tuberculosis, including late effects	1	-	1





TABLE 4INFANT MORTALITYCAUSES OF NEO-NATAL DEATHS, 1968.

CAUSES OF DEATH	PREMATURE	NOT PREMATURE	TOTAL
Premature	4	-	4
Heart Failure	-	1	1
Bronchitis-gastro enteritis	-	1	1
Congenital heart disease	-	2	2
Intracranial haemorrhage	-	1	1
Hydrocephalus myelomeningocele	-	1	1
Acute renal failure	-	1	1
	4	7	11

TABLE 5INFANT DEATHS- WARDS.

<u>WARD</u>	<u>MALE</u>	<u>FEMALES</u>	<u>TOTAL.</u>
Bedworth Heath	1	2	3
Bedworth East	2	-	2
Bedworth North	-	2	2
Bedworth West	1	1	2
Exhall East	1	-	1
Exhall West	-	1	1
	5	6	11



TABLE 6  
PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES  
TUBERCULOSIS

AGE PERIOD	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 25	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 -35	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
35 -45	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
45 -65	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
65+	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Total	4	4	2	1	-	-	1	-

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	M	F	M	F	
Cases on Register at 1.1.68.	184	162	19	27	392
Cases removed during 1968	12	6	1	1	20
Cases added during 1968	4	5	3	-	12
Cases on Register at 31.12.68.	176	162	21	26	384



TABLE 6

## NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

## CASES NOTIFIED

	0-1	1-5	5-10	10-15	15-25	25-45	45+	Total
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	54	163	145	5	2	1	-	370
Dysentery	2	3	2	1	-	2	-	10
Acute Pneumonia	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	2
Whooping Cough	5	11	6	-	-	-	-	22
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2
Infectious Hepatitis	-	2	15	9	3	6	-	35

## FOOD POISONING

TABLE 9

Total number of outbreaks.	Number of cases.	Number of deaths.	Organisms or other agents responsible with number of outbreaks of each.	Food involved with number of outbreaks of each.
-	-	-	-	-

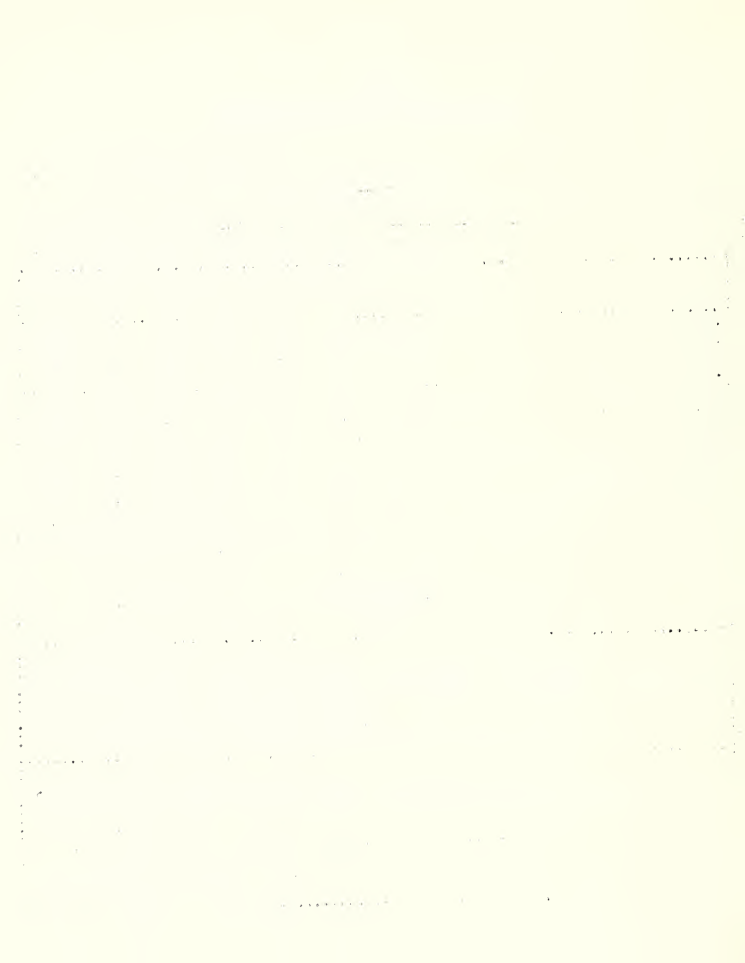


TABLE 10ISOLATION HOSPITALSCASES ADMITTED TO HOSPITAL 1968

DISEASE	Males	Females	Total
Diarrhoea and Vomiting	7	10	17
P.U.O.	-	1	1
Whooping Cough	1	2	3
Gastro Enteritis	1	-	1
Toxic Erythema	1	-	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	1	1
	10	14	24





TABLE 11

Existing arrangements for all the Clinic Services provided by the Warwickshire County Council within the District are shown below:-

SERVICE	SITUATION OF PREMISES	DAYS OPEN
Child Health Centres (under 5 years)	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Mondays and Thursdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m. Wednesdays 10.00 a.m. - 12 noon.
	Bennetts Road North, Keresley.	Tuesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.
	Chequer Street, Bulkington.	Wednesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m. Thursdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.
Ante-natal Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Tuesdays 9.30 p.m. - 12 noon.
Mothercraft and Relaxation	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Tuesdays and Wednesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.
	Bennetts Road North, Keresley.	Wednesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.
	Chequer Street, Bulkington.	Tuesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.
Eye Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	By appointment.
Dental Clinic	Nicholas Chamberlaine School	Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by appointment.
Speech Therapy	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	By appointment.
Cervical Cytology Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	1st Tuesday in each month. By appointment.
	Chequer Street, Bulkington.	3rd Tuesday in each month. By appointment.
Family Planning Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	2nd, 4th, and 5th Monday in each month. By appointment.



### LABORATORY FACILITIES

The Public Health Laboratory situated at the Coventry and Warwick Hospital, Coventry, undertakes the bacteriological examination of samples of water, ice cream and food, also in the investigation of infectious diseases.

The services of the Analyst to the City of Coventry are also utilised for chemical analysis.

### THE GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE HEALTH SERVICE

The General Practitioner service is administered by the Warwickshire and Solihull Executive Council. There are several Medical Practitioners living in the district and others residing outside practise on the periphery.

There are no general hospital services directly available in the district but adequate out and in patient facilities are provided at the Nuneaton and Coventry Hospitals which are administered by No. 20 Group Hospital Management Committee of the Birmingham Regional Hospital Board. Cases of infectious disease are admitted to Whitley Isolation Hospital, Coventry. Out patient clinics for tuberculosis are held at Riversley Park Clinic, Coton Road, Nuneaton.

Warwickshire County Council are responsible for the administration of the School Health Service and arrangements for Domiciliary Nursing and Midwifery Services, Domestic Helps, Vaccination and Immunisation, Care of Mothers and Young Children, Care and After Care and the Ambulance Service as laid down in Part III of the National Health Service Act, 1946.

With the exception of the Ambulance Service the day by day administration of these Services is under the control of the Area Medical Officer, Area Health Department, Council Offices, Bedworth.

The Ambulance Depot is adjacent to the Infant Welfare Clinic, Newtown Road, Bedworth.



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF  
BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Ward and Gentlemen,

The year 1968 was a year in which further steady all round progress in public health was maintained. In the matter of Clean Air the Bedworth No. 2 Smoke Control Area came into operation on the 1st November, which dealt with 1095 houses in an area of 394 acres.

In Slum Clearance a further 26 houses were made subject to Demolition or Closing Orders and in the field of Housing Improvement 83 applications for standard grant were approved.

With regard to rodent control some difficulty was experienced due to the continued illness of the rodent operator and finally a contract with Messrs. Rentokil Ltd, was negotiated, since when this important work has been carried out in a satisfactory manner by this firm.

Apart from the above matters 100% inspection of animals slaughtered in the three small slaughterhouses still operating, was obtained, whilst attention was paid to the inspection of all food premises and factory canteens.

In conclusion I would like to thank the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Health Committee and the Medical Officer of Health for their help and the additional inspectors for their wholehearted efforts in achieving the above.

H. BURRISS.

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.



## HOUSING.

The responsibility for ensuring that houses are fit for occupation is one of the most important functions of the Public Health Inspectors. I give below details of houses repaired, of houses demolished and also of houses improved.

### HOUSES REPAIRED

No. of houses repaired following Informal Action by Local Authority - 14  
No. of houses repaired following Formal Action by Local Authority - -

### HOUSES BEYOND REPAIR

No. of houses made subject to Demolition or Closing Orders - 26

## HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959 - IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.

The following table shows the number of applications received for Improvement and Standard Grants during the past 4 years.

YEAR.	NO. OF APPS.	NO. GRANTED.		NO. REFUSED.	NO. OF HOUSES OWNER/OCC.	NO. OF TENANTED.
		S/G.	I/G.			
1965	77	62	15	1	62	15
1966	63	56	7	2	53	10
1967	71	64	7	2	61	10
1968	83	82	1	-	50	33

## IMPROVEMENT OF HOUSES.

### DETAILS OF STANDARD GRANTS.

Number of applications received.	83.
Number of applications approved.	82.
Number of baths installed.	67.
Number of wash hand basins installed.	61.
Number of hot water supplies installed.	67.
Number of internal w.c.'s installed.	65.
Number of food stores installed.	46.

Total amount paid in grant £12,306. 12. 1d.

### DETAILS OF IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.

Number of applications received.	1.
Number of applications approved.	1.

Total amount paid in grant £267. 5. 11d.





OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

Below is an extract from the report submitted to the Ministry of Labour on the operation of the above Act to 31st December, 1968.

REGISTRATION AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS.

<u>Class of Premises.</u>	<u>No. of Premises Reg. in year.</u>	<u>Total No. of Reg. Premises.</u>	<u>No. of Reg. Premises receiving a general inspection during year.</u>
Offices	2	28	3
Retail Shops	9	122	13
Wholesale Shops and Warehouses	-	4	-
Catering Establishments	1	20	3
Total.	<u>12</u>	<u>174</u>	<u>19</u>

Number of visits paid by Inspectors to registered premises 79.

.....

<u>Class of Workplace.</u>	<u>No. of Persons Employed.</u>
Offices	72
Retails Shops	422
Wholesale Dept.	51
Catering Establishments open to public	42
Total	<u>587</u>
	<u>-----</u>
Males	197
Females	390



CONTRAVENTIONS OF ACT.NO. OF NOTICES.

Abstract of Act not displayed.	13
Lack of hot water	9
Lack of first aid equipment	14
Absence of thermometer	11
Severe rising damp	1
Lack of guard to machinery	2
Unsatisfactory floor covering	4
Lack of cleanliness	8
Broken pedestal to w.c.	2
Insufficient handrail	1
Defective light fittings	2
No wash hand basin	5
Unsatisfactory washing facilities	1
Insufficient heating	1
Staircase defective	1
Insufficient ventilation	1
No. w.c.	1

ACCIDENT REPORTS.

6 accident. reports were received during the year. In all the cases none of the accidents could be attributed to any failure or neglect on the part of the employers and there was no need to take formal action.

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CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960.

There are 12 Licenced Caravan Sites in the Urban District on which are sited 239 caravans.

All sites have main drainage, mains water and electricity and are in a reasonably satisfactory condition.

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## FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

Inspection of Factories, Workshops and Workplaces, including inspection made by Public Health Inspectors.

<u>PREMISES.</u>	<u>Inspections</u>	<u>Number of</u> <u>Written</u> <u>Notices.</u>	<u>Occuniers</u> <u>Prosecuted.</u>
Factories(including factory laundries)	52	12	-
Workshops (including workshop laundries)	-	-	-
Workplaces (other than outworkers premises)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	52	12	-

## DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

	<u>Number of Defects</u>		<u>Number of offences in</u> <u>respect to which</u> <u>prosecutions were made.</u>
	<u>Found.</u>	<u>Remedied.</u>	
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:-*			
Want of cleanliness	14	14	-
Want of ventilation	1	1	-
Other nuisances	3	3	-
Sanitary accommodation:			
Unsuitable or defective	6	6	-
	<u>24</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>-</u>

\* Including those specified in Sections 2,3,7, and 8 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

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## FOOD PREMISES.

The number of Food Premises registered under Section 16, Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

Ice Cream, Sales and Storage.	83.
Sausages	14.



VISITS TO FOOD PREMISES.

Fried Fish Shops	14
Bakehouses	5
Butchers shops, stalls, vans.	125
Ice Cream Premises	40
Catering Establishments	10

ICE CREAM SAMPLES.

During the year 18 samples of ice cream were taken and submitted for bacteriological analysis, the results of which are as follows:-

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Pre-Packed.</u>
1	17
2	1

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## FOOD SUPERVISION.

### MEAT INSPECTION.

There are three licenced slaughterhouses in the area, inspections being carried out on a rota basis by the three District Inspectors.

TOTAL WEIGHT OF CONDEMNED MEAT 1 Ton 1 Qr. 3 lbs.

### CONDEMNED FOOD.

Routine inspection of food shops and notification by retailers result in the voluntary surrender of a large variety of food as being unfit for human consumption.

TOTAL WEIGHT OF CONDEMNED FOOD. 3 Tons. 7 Cwts. 3 Qrs.

### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD PREMISES, INCLUDING PUBLIC HOUSES.

The inspections are carried out to ascertain compliance with the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1960 and Section 89 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

Certain infringements were found during the above inspections, all such defects were remedied and in certain cases improvements to premises were made.

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### RODENT CONTROL.

Owing to frequent illness on the part of the Rodent Control Officer and additional duties being given to the Public Health Department, the work of rodent control was contracted out to Messrs. Rentokil Limited.

Service has been found to be both cheaper and more satisfactory and in addition treatment of sewers carried out in a more expedient way, altogether a much better service is being provided to the public.

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### OFFENSIVE TRADES.

There are no premises in the District where offensive trades are carried out.

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## SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

### WATER SUPPLY

The Water Supply of Bedworth is constant, and is obtained as follows:-

- (a) Two sources at the Newdigate Colliery, in the West Ward of the district.
  - (1) From an adit in the Frank Shaft, 270ft below ground surfaces.
  - (2) From a 12" borehole, 220ft deep.
- (b) 20" borehole, Bedworth Waterworks. The borehole is 20" in diameter and 275ft deep.
- (c) Exhall Deep Well.  
The Well is 9ft in diameter, and approximately 260-300ft deep.
- (d) Coventry Corporation, for certain districts in Exhall.
- (e) Birmingham.  
This is used as a supplementary supply, being piped via Nuneaton.

All this water is pumped into a storage reservoir at the Waterworks. The reservoir has a storage capacity of 750,000 galls. The water is pumped from the reservoir and boosted direct to the town. The Water Tower is now only used for night duty.

As a result of the above it is considered that the Water Supply of the area has been reasonably satisfactory in quantity.

Number of samples of Town's water submitted for analysis :- 12



# MEAT

## CARCASES INFECTED AND CONDEMNED, 1968.

DETAILS	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	326	-	4	1918	642	-
Number inspected	326	-	4	1918	642	-
All diseases except tuberculosis and cysticerci:-						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ condemned	122	-	-	284	151	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	37.3	-	-	14.6	23.7	-
.....						
Tuberculosis only:-						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ condemned	-	-	-	-	10	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	1.5	-
.....						
Cysticercus Bovis						
Carcasses of which some part of organ condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-





